

MODEL ACADEMIC CURRICULUM FOR PROBLEM-ORIENTED POLICING

Introduction – This curriculum has been designed for undergraduate education, but with minor modifications it can be used for graduate-level education, pre-service police training, in-service police training, and/or community-based training. We recommend that students complete an undergraduate policing course as a prerequisite to this course.

The curriculum has multiple components that are flexible and can be adapted for use in other courses or formats (e.g., in-service training, online delivery). Included in the complete curriculum are the following components:

- 1) The suggested course outline with active links to class readings
- 2) Fourteen learning modules (in PowerPoint), developed for a standard 14-16-week college course
- 3) Suggestions and/or links for in-class and out-of-class exercises and assignments
- 4) Recommended class readings for each learning module
- 5) Suggestions for relevant video and online resources
- 6) Suggested exercises for other instructional settings (e.g., graduate courses, inservice training).

The following textbook is recommended for this course regardless of the students/setting:

Braga, Anthony (2008). <u>Problem-Oriented Policing and Crime Prevention</u>, <u>2nd Edition</u>. Boulder, CO: <u>Lynne Rienner Publishers</u>.

Additional recommended readings for graduate-level courses and similar settings are listed (within each module) at the end of the syllabus.

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PROBLEM-ORIENTED POLICING AND PROBLEM-SOLVING

Module 1 – The Evolution of Policing

Topics

- Fundamental Objectives of Policing and the Primary Police Functions
- A Brief History of Policing
- Policing Styles and Strategies
 - o Types of Patrol
 - o Broken Windows Theory
 - One Traditional Police Response <u>The Benefits and</u> Consequences of Police Crackdowns

Module 2 – Community Policing

Topics

- The Early History of Community Policing
- Community Policing An Overview
- Community Oriented Policing versus Problem Oriented Policing (or COP and POP?)

Module 3 – Introduction to Problem Oriented Policing

Topics

- POP and the History of POP
- Defining a Problem
- Key Elements of POP
- Why Use POP Today?

Recommended Video

1) Sam Walker's Interview of Herman Goldstein (70 minutes); Available for viewing or downloading.



Module 4 – The SARA Model

Topics

- The SARA Process
- Problem-Solving Case Studies

www.popcenter.org



CRIME THEORIES & SITUATIONAL CRIME PREVENTION

Module 5 – Crime Theories and Crime Opportunity

Topics

- The Problem Analysis Triangle
- Routine Activities Theory, Crime Pattern Theory, and Rational Choice Theory
- <u>10 Principles of Crime Opportunity</u>

Module 6 – Situational Crime Prevention

Topics

- An Overview of Situational Crime Prevention
- Problem Oriented Policing and Situational Crime Prevention
- 25 Techniques of Situational Crime Prevention



RESEARCHING/SCANNING AND ANALYZING PROBLEMS

Module 7 – Identifying and Researching Problems

Topics

- Identifying and Researching a Problem
- Using Available Research Tools

Module 8 – Problem Solving Resources

Topics

- <u>Problem Specific Guides for Police</u> Problem Solving Guides Overview; About the Guide Series
- Response Guides
- Problem-Solving Tools Guides
- Award-Winning Problem-Solving Projects
 - o Goldstein Awards
 - o Tilley Awards

Online Exercise

1) Street Prostitution Module

Module 9 - Crime Analysis for Problem Solvers in 60 Small Steps

Topics

• Crime Analysis for Problem Solvers in 60 Small Steps

Online Exercise

1) Problem Analysis Module (PAM)



RETURNING TO THE CRIME TRIANGLE – RESPONDING TO PLACES, OFFENDERS AND TARGETS/VICTIMS

Module 10 – Responding to Crime Places

Topics

- Hot Spots
- Risky Facilities
- Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design
- Displacement and Displacement Theory
- Closing Streets and Alleys to Reduce Crime

Examples of Place-focused POP Guides for Use in This Module

Assaults in and Around Bars Robbery at ATMs
Burglary of Retail Establishments School Vandalism

<u>Disorder at Budget Motels</u> <u>Speeding in Residential Areas</u>

<u>Drug Dealing in Open-Air Markets</u> <u>Video Surveillance of Public Places</u>

Module 11 – Responding to Offenders

Topics

- Thinking and Acting Like an Offender
- Using Offender Interviews to Inform Police Problem Solving
- An Example of an Offender-Based Response <u>The Boston Gun Project:</u> <u>Operation Cease Fire</u>

Examples of Offender-focused POP Guides for Use in This Module

Bullying in SchoolsPanhandlingDisorderly Youth in Public PlacesStreet ProstitutionDrunk DrivingUnderage DrinkingGun Violence Among Serious Young Offenders

Module 12 – Responding to Targets/Victims

Topics

- Analyzing Repeat Victimization
 - o Understanding Your Local Repeat Victimization Pattern
 - o Responding to Repeat Victimization

Examples of Target/Victim-focused POP Guides for Use in this Module



Acquaintance Rape of College Students
Bomb Threats in Schools
Child Pornography on the Internet
Crimes Against Tourists
Exploitation of Trafficked Women

Identity Theft
Juvenile Runaways
Robbery of Taxi Drivers
Stalking



ASSESSING YOUR PROBLEM-SOLVING STRATEGY AND OTHER CHALLENGES TO IMPLEMENTING POP PROJECTS

Module 13 – Assessing and Evaluating Responses

Topics

- Assessment and Evaluation <u>Assessing Responses to Problems</u>
- Conducting Community Surveys

Examples of Useful Tool Guides for Use in this Module

Forming and Sustaining Partnerships with Businesses Crime Prevention Publicity Campaigns

Module 14 – Challenges and Future Considerations for Implementing Successful POP Projects

Topics

- Time The 4th (missing) Dimension of the Problem Analysis Triangle
- Barriers to Implementation
- Shifting and Sharing Responsibility for Public Safety Problems
- Some Major Impediments to Further POP Implementation and Progress



SUPPLEMENTAL READINGS FOR GRADUATE COURSES OR OTHER UPPER LEVEL SETTINGS

Module 1 – The Evolution of Policing

- 1) Weisburd, D. & Eck, J. E. (2004, May). What Can Police Do to Reduce Crime, Disorder, and Fear? The Annals of the American Academy of Political and Social Science. Vol. 593: 42-65.
- 2) Sampson, R. J. & Raudenbush, Stephen, W. (2001, February). <u>Disorder in Urban Neighborhoods: Does It Lead to Crime?</u> Washington D.C.: National Institute of Justice, U.S. Department of Justice.
- 3) Scott, Michael, S. (2004). <u>The Benefits and Consequences of Police Crackdowns</u>. Center for Problem Oriented Policing.

Module 2 – Community Policing

- 1) Moore, Mark H. (1992). Problem-Solving and Community Policing. <u>Crime and Justice</u>. Vol. 15: 99-158.
- 2) U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Community Oriented Policing Services (2006). What Is Community Policing?

Module 3 – Introduction to Problem Oriented Policing

- Scott, Michael, S. (2000, October). <u>Problem-Oriented Policing: Reflections on the First 20 Years.</u> Washington, D.C: U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Community Oriented Policing Services.
- **2)** Goldstein, H. (1979, April). <u>Improving Policing: A Problem Oriented Approach</u>. Crime and Delinquency. Vol. 25: 236-258.
- 3) POP Center (2006). What Is Problem-Oriented Policing?
- 4) POP Center (2006). The Key Elements of POP.

Module 4 – The SARA Model

- 1) U.S. Department of Justice, Office of Community Oriented Policing Services (2002). Problem Solving Tips: A Guide to Reducing Crime and Disorder through Problem-Solving Partnerships. Washington D.C.
- 2) Problem-Oriented Policing Center (2006). The SARA Model.



Module 5 – Crime Theories and Crime Opportunity

- 1) Felson, M. & Clarke, R. V. (1998). Opportunity Makes the Thief: Practical Theory for Crime Prevention. Home Office: Research Development Statistics.
- **2**) Felson, Marcus. (2004). Crime and Everyday Life. Thousand Oaks, CA: Pine Forge Press; Chapters 1-5.
- 3) Kelling, George and Wilson, James Q. (1982) <u>Broken Windows: The Police</u> and Neighborhood Safety. The Atlantic Monthly. Vol. 249 (3): 29-38.

Module 6 – Situational Crime Prevention

- Clarke, Ronald V. (1997). Situational Crime Prevention: Successful Case Studies. Albany, NY: Harrow and Heston.
 Preface and Introduction
- 2) Lasley, James (1998). <u>Designing Out Gang Homicides and Street Assaults.</u> Washington D.C.: National Institute of Justice, U.S. Department of Justice.

Module 7 – Identifying and Researching Problems

1) Eck, John E. & Clarke, Ronald V. (2003). Classifying Common Police Problems: A Routine Activity Approach. <u>Crime Prevention Studies</u>; Vol. 16: 7-39.

Module 8 – Problem Solving Resources

1) Online readings/resources only.

Module 9 - Crime Analysis for Problem Solvers in 60 Small Steps

- Clark, Ronald, V. & Eck, John E. (2005). <u>Crime Analysis for Problem Solvers in 60 Small Steps</u>. Washington D.C.: Office of Community Oriented Policing Services, U.S. Department of Justice. <u>Online version</u>.
- 2) Boba, Rachel (2003). <u>Problem Analysis in Policing</u>. Washington D.C.: Police Foundation.
- 3) Bynum. Timothy S. (No date). <u>Using Analysis for Problem Solving: A</u>
 <u>Guidebook for Law Enforcement</u>. Washington D.C.: Office of Community
 Oriented Policing Services, U.S. Department of Justice.



- 4) O'Shea, Timothy, C. & Nichols, Keith (2003). <u>Crime Analysis in America:</u> <u>Findings and Recommendations</u>. Washington D.C.: Office of Community Oriented Policing Services, U.S. Department of Justice.
- 4) Mamalian, Cynthia, A. & LaVigne, Nancy, G. (1999). <u>The Use of Computerized Crime Mapping by Law Enforcement: Survey Results</u>. Washington D.C.: National Institute of Justice, U.S. Department of Justice.

Module 10 – Responding to Crime Places

- 1) Smith, Mary, S. (1996). <u>Crime Prevention Through Environmental Design in Parking Facilities.</u> Washington D.C.: National Institute of Justice, U.S. Department of Justice.
- 2) Ratcliffe, Jerry (2006). <u>Video Surveillance of Public Places.</u> Washington D.C.: Office of Community Oriented Policing Services, U.S. Department of Justice.

Module 11 – Responding to Offenders

- 1) Tilley, Nick. (2013). <u>Analyzing and Responding to Repeat Offending.</u>
 Problem-Oriented Guides for Police. Problem-Solving Tool Guide No. 13.
 Washington D.C.: Office of Community Oriented Policing Services, U.S.
 Department of Justice.
- **2)** Martin, Susan E. & Sherman, Lawrence W. (1986). Selective Apprehension: A Police Strategy for Repeat Offenders. <u>Criminology</u>, Vol. 24: 155-173.
- 3) Martin, Susan E. (1986). Policing Career Criminals: An Examination of an Innovative Crime Control Program. <u>Journal of Criminal Law and Criminology</u>, Vol. 77: 1159-1182.
- **4)** Abrahamse, Allan, Ebener, Patricia A., Greenwood, Peter W., Fitzgerald, Nora & Kosin, Thomas E. (1991). <u>An Experimental Evaluation of the Phoenix Repeat Offender Program.</u> <u>Justice Quarterly</u>, Vol. 8 (2): 141-168.

Module 12 – Responding to Targets/Victims

- 1) Pease, Ken & Laycock, Gloria (1996). <u>Revictimization: Reducing the Heat on Hot Victims</u>. Washington D.C.: National Institute of Justice, U.S. Department of Justice.
- 2) Anderson, David, Chenery, Sylvia & Pease, Ken (1995). <u>Biting Back:</u> <u>Tackling Repeat Burglary and Car Crime.</u> Crime Detection and Prevention Series Paper 58: United Kingdom: Home Office Police Research Group.



- 3) Pease, Ken (2000). <u>Repeat Victimization: Taking Stock.</u> Crime Detection and Prevention Series Paper 90: United Kingdom: Home Office Police Research Group.
- **4)** Farrell, Graham, Edmunds, Alan, Hobbs, Louise & Laycock, Gloria (2000). RV Snapshot: UK Policing and Repeat Victimisation. Crime Reduction Research Series Paper 5: United Kingdom: Home Office Police Research Group.

Module 13 – Assessing and Evaluating Responses

- 1) Eck, John, E. (2017). <u>Assessing Responses to Problems: Did It Work? An Introductory Guide for Police Problem Solvers.</u> 2nd Edition. Washington D.C.: Bureau of Justice Assistance, U.S. Department of Justice; CNA; and Center for Problem-Oriented Policing.
- 2) Bureau of Justice Assistance (1993). <u>A Police Guide for Surveying Citizens</u> and <u>Their Environments</u>. Washington D.C.: Bureau of Justice Assistance, U.S. Department of Justice.

Module 14 – Challenges and Future Considerations for Implementing Successful POP Projects

- 1) Knutsson, Johannes (2003). Mainstreaming Problem Oriented Policing. Monsey, NY: Criminal Justice Press. Online access.
- 2) Barthe, Emmanuel (2006). <u>Crime Prevention Publicity Campaigns</u>. Problem-Oriented Guides for Police Response, Response Guide Series No. 5. Washington D.C.: Office of Community Oriented Policing Services, U.S. Department of Justice.
- 3) Brown, Rick, and Michael S. Scott (2007). <u>Implementing Responses to Problems</u>. Problem-Oriented Guides for Police Response, Problem-Solving Tool Guide Series No. 7. Washington D.C.: Office of Community Oriented Policing Services, U.S. Department of Justice.